Enacting Open Science by gCube

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Outline

- Open Science
- Our proposal
- Enabling components
- Conclusions

Open Science: revolusioning Science

Open Science is the movement aiming at revolusioning science and make it better.

How?

- there is no "one size fits all" definition;
- different people have different ideas;
- choices made by organisations/people define what for them it actually is.

Desired results

- better interpretation, understanding and reproducibility;
- enhanced transparency and scientific fraud detection;
- research costs reduction;
- fair scientific reward;
- better identification/assessment within the "tsunami of scientific literature".

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Our proposal: gCube-system

A software framework conceived to enable **Virtual Research Environments**, i.e. web-based working environments equipped with a set services to support research activities of communities and make transparency, openness and reproducibility the norm.



Figure: A single "open" research place

Social Networking Area - Overview

Purposes and Features

- area for communication among VRE's members;
- discussions via posting;
- reply/like/mentioning/top-topics are supported.

- every item is equipped with a unique identifier;
- discussions are really transparent and open;
- actions taken by users are carefully captured and documented.



Figure : Social - Overview

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Social Networking Area - Architecture

Architecture

- Cassandra and ElasticSearch for storing/searching data;
- portlets for writing posts, retrieving them, adding comments, liking and top topics management;
- RESTful APIs for programmatic/external access;



Figure : Social - Overview

Workspace Platform - Overview

Purposes and Features

- organise user's material;
- access to shared material;
- open-ended set of items equipped with extensible metadata.

- every item is equipped with a unique identifier;
- versioning is supported.
- extensible metadata via key/pair mechanism:
- tightly integrated with Social Area and Publishing Area.



Figure : Workspace - Overview

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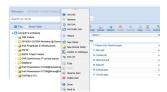


Figure : Workspace - Overview

Workspace Platform - Architecture

Architecture

- Apache Jackrabbit for storing nodes hierarchy (metadata);
- item payload is stored on different storage solutions (MongoDB, GeoServer/THREDDS, RDB, ...);
- access via GUI (Portlet, Widget) and RESTful APIs;



Figure : Workspace Architecture

Data Analitycs Platform

Purposes and Features

- collection of ready-to-use algorithms;
- requests dinamically distributed;
- compliant with standard web-based protocol;
- extensible via Algorithm Publisher/Importer services;

- processes with unique identifiers
- processes described/exposed by OGC standard:
- algorithms written in different programming languages;
- detailed record provenance (PROV-O)
- integration with the Workspace Area.



Figure: Analytics - Overview

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Figure: Analytics - Overview

Data Analitycs Platform

Architecture

- DataMiner (DM) portlet for executing processes;
- DM Master accepts requests for executing processes;
- DM Worker executes processes assigned by a DM Master;
- open set of algorithms hosted by the DM Algorithms Repository;
- injection of new algorithms is allowed through Algorithm Importer portlet and the Algorithm Publisher service.



Figure : Analytics - Architecture

Data Publishing Platform - Overview

Purposes and Features

- catalogue of artefacts with search/browse functionalities;
- openness with respect to the typologies of products published;
- item has type, open ended set of metadata and optional resource(s).

- item has a persistent, unique identifier
- payload(s) stored in persistent storage area;
- items equipped with license;
- inform new item availability via social;
- customisetion of typologies of products and metadata



Figure: Catalogue - Overview

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Data Publishing Platform - Architecture

Architecture

- CKAN technology as core service;
- catalogue Service realises the business logic;
- catalogue Portlet for navigation and Widget for publication;
- catalogue RESTful APIs for external access and publication;
- payloads are stored in the Workspace/Storage Hub area.



Figure : Catalogue - Architecture

Open Science in action with gCube

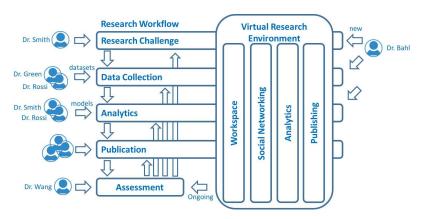


Figure: Boosting Science with gCube collaborative environment

Conclusions

- Some of Open Science's desired results can be achieved using gCube VREs and services
 - FAIR principles compliant;
 - Open, extensible and customisable;
 - Offered as-a-service.



 Communities of different research areas and different projects successfully use VREs for their activities













More Information

- About gCube-system: www.gcube-system.org
- About D4Science Infrastructure: www.d4science.org

Contact Information

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Questions



Extras (I) - Social Area Overview

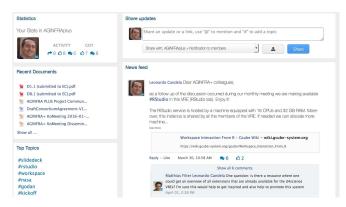


Figure: Overview

Extras (II) - Social Area Architecture

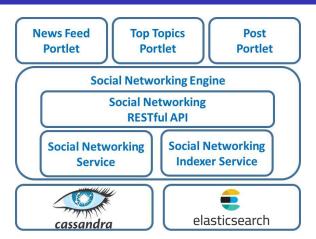


Figure : Architecture

Extras (III) - Catalogue Area Overview



Figure : Overview

Extras (IV) - Catalogue Area Architecture



Figure : Architecture

Extras (V) - Analitycs Area Overview



Figure: Overview

Extras (VI) - Analitycs Area Architecture

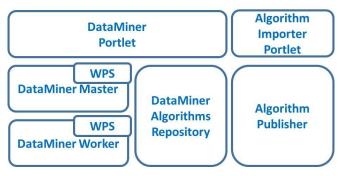


Figure: Architecture

Extras (VII) - Workspace Area Overview



Figure : Overview

Extras (VIII) - Workspace Area Architecture



Figure : Architecture